

# Prof. Dr. Harald Binder

Institution:	Institute of Medical Biometry and Statistics (IMBI)
	Faculty of Medicine and Medical Center, University of Freiburg
Contact:	Phone: +49 761 270 83744, Email: harald.binder@uniklinik-freiburg.de
Position:	Full Professor (W3) and Director of the Institute

## Academic education including academic degrees

### Scientific graduation

Habilitation, Medical Biometry and Statistics, University of Freiburg,
Advisor: Prof. Dr. Martin Schumacher
Promotion/Ph.D., Statistics, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München,
Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Gerhard Tutz
Ph.D. studies, Statistics, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München
M.A., Mathematical Behavioral Sciences, University of California Irvine
Diploma, Psychology, University of Regensburg

### Employment

- 2017 now Professor for Medical Biometry and Director, Institute of Medical Biometry and Statistics, University of Freiburg, Germany
- 2011 2017 Professor for Medical Biometry, University Medical Center Mainz, Germany
- 2006 2011 Research Associate, Institute for Medical Biometry and Medical Informatics, Medical Center, University of Freiburg, Germany
- 2001 2006 Researcher, Department of Psychiatry, University of Regensburg, Germany

# Other activities, awards and honours

- 2021 now President of the German Association for Medical Informatics, Biometry and Epidemiology (GMDS) e.V.
- 2019 now Co-Speaker of the Profile Field "Data Analysis and Artificial Intelligence" of the University of Freiburg
- 2018 2019 Area Head Medical Bioinformatics and Systems Biology of the GMDS e.V.
- 2017 now Member of the Directorate of the Freiburg Center for Data Analysis and Modeling

#### Most important publications

- 1. Brombacher E, Hackenberg M, Kreutz C, Binder H, Treppner M. The performance of deep generative models for learning joint embeddings of single-cell multi-omics data. Frontiers in Molecular Biosciences 2022;962644.
- Hackenberg M, Grodd M, Kreutz C, Fischer M, Esins J, Grabenhenrich L, Karagiannidis C, Binder H. Using Differentiable Programming for Flexible Statistical Modeling. The American Statistician 2022;76(3):270–9.
- 3. Kuruc F, Binder H, Hess M. Stratified neural networks in a time-to-event setting. Brief Bioinform 2022;23(1):1–11.
- 4. Treppner M, Binder H, Hess M. Interpretable generative deep learning: an illustration with single cell gene expression data. Human Genetics 2022;141:1481–98.
- 5. Nußberger J, Boesel F, Lenz S, Binder H, Hess M. Synthetic observations from deep generative models and binary omics data with limited sample size. Brief Bioinform 2021;22(4):1–12.
- 6. Treppner M, Salas-Bastos A, Hess M, Lenz S, Vogel T, and Binder H. Synthetic single cell RNA sequencing data from small pilot studies using deep generative models. Scientific Reports 2021;11:9403.
- 7. Hess M, Hackenberg M, and Binder H. Exploring generative deep learning for omics data by using log-linear models. Bioinformatics 2020;36:5045–53.
- 8. Marini F, Linke J, and Binder H. ideal: an R/Bioconductor package for interactive differential expression analysis. BMC Bioinformatics 2020;21:565.
- 9. Hess M, Lenz S, Blätte TJ, Bullinger L, and Binder H. Partitioned learning of deep Boltzmann machines for SNP data. Bioinformatics 2017;33:3173–80.
- 10. Poplawski A and Binder H. Feasibility of sample size calculation for RNA-seq studies. Briefings in Bioinformatics 2017;19:713–20.